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included in or contemplated or regulated by the provisions hereof, shall be in accordance with the provisions of the general law of the state relating to the same subject matter, including definitions and regulations relating to valuations, benefited property, estimates, assessments, plans, specifications, schedules, resolutions, protests, objections, remonstrances, maintenance, bids, deposits, contracts, bonds or the form of improvement bonds issued in payment for any such public improvement.

SEC. 25. In the event of conflict between any provision hereof, and any provision of any general law of the state pertaining to the same subject matter, this act shall prevail, and in the event of any conflict between the provisions hereof and the provisions of chapter 326 of the 1927 code, the provisions of this act shall prevail.

SEC. 26. In the event that any section or sections of this act shall be declared unconstitutional by the supreme court of this state, such declaration or decision shall have no effect upon the remaining sections hereof.

SEC. 27. This act shall not affect any right, remedy or cause of action accrued or now pending, or growing out of any improvement or assessment made under any prior law.

The words "city" or "city council" when used herein shall be construed to refer to a city or council thereof referred to or designated in section 1 of this act.

SEC. 28. This act, being deemed of immediate importance, shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and publication in the Plain Talk, a newspaper published at Des Moines, Iowa, and the Ottumwa Daily Courier, a newspaper published at Ottumwa, Iowa.

Senate File No. 276. Approved April 4, A. D. 1929.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Des Moines Plain Talk April 11, 1929, and the Ottumwa Daily Courier April 8, 1929.

Ed. M. Smith, Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 195

BRIDGES

AN ACT to authorize and empower cities, including cities under the commission plan, to acquire by purchase, condemnation, bargain and sale, lease, sub-lease, gift or otherwise, and to construct and contract for the construction of bridges within the city limits and five (5) miles outside thereof, within the state of lowa and any adjoining state, and across any navigable or non-navigable stream forming the boundary between such states, and thereafter to repair, maintain, extend, renew, reconstruct, replace, extend, enlarge, mortgage, lease, use and operate such bridges as toll or free bridges for public use and travel of all kinds, and to fix the rates of toll and charges for use thereof, and grant franchises thereon or thereover, and to exercise such powers through the governing body of the city or any committee thereof or through a bridge commission as provided for in this act; and to exercise such powers independently or in co-operation with or aid of similar action by any other city or county in lowa or an adjoining state or by such states or the government of the United States; and granting the power to convey such bridges or assign such rights, subject to conditions set forth herein; and providing the method of acquiring existing bridges by purchase or condemnation; and authorizing the issu-

ance of different kinds of bonds for the purposes authorized by this act in the manner and subject to the conditions set forth in this act; and providing for the protection of bond purchases by restricting the power to amend, alter or repeal this act and by restricting the right to build competing bridges; and providing the method and extent of collecting tolls; and providing for the creation of bridge commissions for independent or joint exercise of powers herein conferred, and setting forth the powers, duties and method of proceeding and dissolution of such commissions; and providing the power and method of acquiring property by purchase or condemnation, the removal of obstructions, the payment of damages, the restoration of public works; and providing that the powers herein granted and procedure herein provided for are not exclusive but are supplementary; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Principal grant of power. Any city in this state, including cities under the commission plan, is hereby authorized and empowered to acquire by purchase, condemnation, bargain and sale, lease, sub-lease, gift or otherwise, any existing bridge, including approaches and avenues, rights of way or easements of access to approaches, necessary real and personal property incident thereto and franchises, special privileges, leases and contracts in connection with such bridges, and to so acquire any bridge and aforesaid facilities, and its also are therefore and approaches and acceptance and a 3 6 8 ities; and is also authorized and empowered to construct and contract for the construction of, and to acquire by purchase, lease, sub-10 lease, gift or otherwise, bridges, including all of aforesaid appur-11 tenances, facilities and property; and is also authorized and em-12 powered thereafter to repair, maintain, extend, renew, reconstruct, 13 replace or enlarge and to mortgage or lease and to use and operate 14 any such bridges as toll or free bridges, either or both from time 15 to time, for public use and travel of all kinds by railroads, street 16 railways, bus lines, vehicles and pedestrians and other uses, any or 17 all as may be determined by the governing body of the city, and to 18 use same for public utility purposes, and to fix the rates of toll or 19 20 the charges for the use of same, and to grant non-exclusive franchises for use of same for public utility purposes upon such terms 21 and conditions as may be prescribed by ordinance, and to exercise all 23 such powers within the city limits and five (5) miles outside thereof within the state of Iowa, and any adjoining state, but only across 24 any navigable or non-navigable stream forming the boundary be-25 tween such states, after having obtained any authority which may 26 be necessary from such states and the United States, and to exercise 27 such powers either directly through the governing body of the city 28 or any committee thereof or through a bridge commission created 29 as in this act provided, or part any one and part any other. 30

SEC. 2. Joint power. Any power in this act granted to the city may be exercised by the city independently or in cooperation with or aid of similar action by any other city or any county in Iowa, or any city or county in an adjoining state, or the state of Iowa or any adjoining state or states, or the government of the United States where such other political unit has been authorized by law to exercise the necessary powers. Such joint action may be directly by the governing body of the city or through the medium of a joint bridge commission subject to the same conditions provided in this act for independent action.

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31 32 SEC. 3. Utility franchises for use of bridge. The cities specified in this act through the governing bodies thereof are authorized and empowered to grant franchises for the non-exclusive use of the bridges acquired under this act to public utilities upon such terms, conditions and for such consideration as such cities may impose whether incident to or part of the purchase of an existing bridge and rights of utilities in connection therewith, or otherwise, and thereafter to extend the duration or to amend the terms and conditions thereof. Any such grant shall be made by the city council by ordinance and no vote of the electors of the city shall be required. In no case shall such a grant be made by any bridge commission.

SEC. 4. Conveyance of bridge. In the event that the state of Iowa, an adjoining state, the government of the United States, either, any or all of them should agree to take over any bridge acquired by the city under this act and thereafter maintain and operate same as a free public bridge at its or their expense, then such city is authorized to convey such bridge on such conditions to such party or parties.

SEC. 5. Power to assign rights. Any such city may grant the exclusive right to purchase an existing bridge or to construct a new bridge and to maintain any such bridge within a distance not exceeding one (1) mile on each side of the bridge to be so purchased or constructed, for the period necessary to reimburse cost plus not exceeding eight per centum (8%) thereof for financing charges, together with interest upon said cost and charges, but in no event to exceed ten (10) years, subject to the conditions that at the termination of which period, such bridge shall become the sole property of the public and thereafter be maintained and operated by the city as a toll or free bridge as such city may determine from time to time in harmony with the other provisions of this act and the laws of the United States. Such grant shall be made in the manner and subject to the same conditions as may be provided by law for the granting of franchises. Any such grant or assignment shall by operation of law be subject to the following conditions; the number of officers and employees and the salaries, wages or compensation thereof shall be reasonable; no person shall be permitted free use of the bridge or use at discriminatory tolls; tolls shall be both adequate to hasten payment for the bridge and reasonable to the public; financing costs shall be reasonable and the city may impose requirements and safeguards as to the conservation of funds and insurance of property; complete statements of operations and finances shall be filed with the city clerk on bond interest dates upon completion of the bridge and upon delivery of same to the city; and the city shall have power to require or itself perform audits and examine the books and call for any reports at any time. The city may enforce these obligations in any court of competent jurisdiction. In any such assignment, same shall by operation of law be subject to the conditions that the plans and specifications, the location, size, type and method of construction, the boundaries and approaches and the estimates of cost of construction and acquisition shall be first submitted to the governing body of the city and receive its ap-

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proval before any construction shall be commenced or any contract for construction or for financing construction shall be entered into.

Existing bridge-purchase, lease or sub-lease. such city shall desire to purchase, lease, or sub-lease any existing bridge, and shall have received any such authority as may be necessary from the government of the United States, the governing body thereof may determine the fair value thereof, including all interests of every nature therein, and may by written resolution tentatively offer the owners thereof jointly the price so determined, and if all such owners, within ninety (90) days thereafter, shall file with the city clerk of such city a duly authorized and properly executed written tentative acceptance of such offer, binding themselves to accept same and assign such lease or sub-lease or convey good and complete title by warranty deed when and if the electors of said city shall authorize such purchase and the necessary funds shall be provided therefor, then upon the filing of such acceptance, the governing body of the city may submit to the electors thereof, at a special election called for that purpose or at any general or city election, within one hundred twenty (120) days after the filing of such acceptance, the question whether such purchase shall be made at the price stated on the ballot and the governing body of the city be authorized to issue bonds of the kind or kinds stated in the proposition and in any such amount as may be required to provide the necessary funds, and the proposition so submitted shall be carried if the majority of the electors voting on such proposition shall vote in favor thereof, and the tentative acceptance of the owners of such bridge shall then become final and binding upon them and may be enforced in any court of competent jurisdiction. Title to and possession of the bridge shall pass upon payment of the consideration therefor. Such purchase may also be made subject to existing mortgages and the assumption of outstanding bonds. If repairing, reconditioning and re-construction shall be necessary to place any bridge so purchased or to be purchased in safe, efficient or convenient condition, the governing body of the city may cause the estimated cost thereof to be included as a part of the cost of such bridge in submitting the proposition of purchase to the electors, or without submitting such additional cost shall, when the purchase has been authorized by the electors, be empowered to issue additional bonds to provide funds for that purpose in an amount not to exceed fifteen per centum (15%) of the purchase price of the bridge. If within ninety (90) days after this act shall have become effective, the governing body of any such city shall not have made any offer to purchase an existing bridge, or shall have made an offer which shall have been rejected by the owners of such bridge, then the owners thereof shall be authorized to submit to the city an offer for the sale, lease or sub-lease thereof, and such offer shall within ninety (90) days after its filing with the city clerk and approval by the corporation counsel or city attorney, be submitted by the governing body of the city to the electors of the city at a general or city election, held within that period, or at a special election called for that purpose, provided that the owners of the bridge shall agree to pay all of the costs of such submission to the electors and shall adequately secure such

51 payment at the time of the filing the offer with the city clerk. form of such offer and execution thereof shall be subject to the ap-52 53 proval of the corporation counsel or city attorney of the city who shall also prepare the proposition to be submitted to the electors in proper legal form. The proposition submitted to the electors shall 54 55 include all necessary provisions for financing such purchase, lease or sub-lease, and the governing body of the city may itself determine the method of such financing and the kind of bonds to be issued in 56 57 58 connection therewith and provide for same in the proposition to be submitted, or the governing body of the city may submit to the electors the question as to which kind of bonds shall be issued for 59 60 61 that purpose. Such offer of the owners of such bridge shall be 62 binding upon them, their successors and assigns and all parties in in-63 64 terest unless and until same has been rejected by the electors at the election herein provided for. Any question submitted at such elec-tion shall be carried if the majority of the electors voting on such 65 66 question shall vote in favor thereof. Title to the bridge and the 67 right to the possession thereof shall vest in the city upon proper 68 legal tender of payment in accordance with the offer so submitted and authority granted by the electors. The acceptance of such offer 69 70 71 by the electors shall carry with it the authority hereinbefore pro-72 vided in this section for the provision of funds for repairs, recon-73 ditioning or reconstruction. At any time during the period of thirty (30) days after the form of any such offer shall have been approved 74 75 by the corporation counsel or city attorney of the city, the govern-76 ing body of such city shall have the right to make a counter offer to the owners of such bridge, and if within that period such offer shall 77 be accepted as hereinafter provided in this section then the offer 78 made by the owners of the bridge and proceedings pursuant thereto 79 herein provided for, shall be abandoned; but if such counter offer 80 81 shall not be accepted, then the governing body of the city shall proceed with the submission of the offer of the owners of the bridge. 82 83 During the period of ninety (90) days after the filing of an offer by the owners of the bridge and the approval of the form thereof, the 84 governing body of the city is authorized to hold such public hearings 85 as it may deem advisable, and is empowered to require the disclosure 86 87 of complete information by the owners of the bridge, and to require 88 the attendance of witnesses and take testimony under oath, and to 89 employ experts and to investigate all matters which may assist the governing body or the electors in determining the questions presented by or growing out of the offer so made. Upon approval by 90 91 92 the corporation counsel or city attorney of the form of offer made 93 by the owners of the bridge, such offer shall be published by the city in an official newspaper published in said city, upon three con-94 secutive days. After the corporation counsel or city attorney and the governing body of the city shall have approved the final form in 95 96 97 which the offer and proposition is to be submitted to the electors, the city shall cause such proposition to be published on three consecutive days in an official newspaper published in said city to be 98 99 completed not less than ten (10) days before the date of the election. 100 101 At the same election at which an offer to sell an existing bridge made by the owners thereof shall be submitted, the governing body 102 of the city is also authorized to submit at the expense of the owners 103

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of the bridge an alternative proposition to authorize the construction of a new bridge at an estimated cost to be stated in the proposition and the financing thereof as elsewhere provided for in this act for new bridges. The governing body of the city may also submit independent propositions for the construction of one or more new bridges as well as the purchase of an existing bridge at the same election and at the expense of the owners of the existing bridge. The governing body of the city may also, at the same election and at the cost of the owners of the bridge offered for sale, submit the proposition so that the construction of a new bridge shall be authorized only in the event the purchase of the existing bridge shall not be authorized by the electors or the delivery of title and possession shall be unreasonably delayed for any cause. The offer by the owners of the bridge as herein provided for may also be made in any city authorized by the act independently or jointly to such city and any other legally empowered political sub-division in this or an adjoining state, but in such event the time periods provided for in this section to govern the procedure for submission to the electors shall not so run, nor shall the obligation to submit the offer to the electors accrue unless and until the political sub-divisions shall have entered into joint contract governing the conditions of purchase and subsequent control and operation in the event the offer shall be legally accepted in the manner provided by the law applicable in each such political sub-divisions. The acceptance by the electors of any offer of the owners of the bridge shall by operation of law authorize the governing body of the city in its discretion to subsequently enter into contract with another properly authorized political subdivision in this or an adjoining state to share the cost and the title and control of the bridge so acquired. The owners of a bridge for which an offer is made or by whom an offer is made shall be required to disclose full information as to title and all interest therein, and in the event of the purchase of any such bridge shall be required to deliver good title by warranty deed.

SEC. 7. Existing bridge—condemnation. If any such city shall desire to acquire any existing bridge or lease thereof or all interest therein by the exercise of the power of eminent domain, and shall have received any such authority as may be necessary from the government of the United States, it may exercise such power in the following manner, or in such manner as congress may require. The governing body of the city shall in a proposed resolution declare such desire and purpose and request the appointment of commissioners of condemnation as herein provided and shall fix the time for consideration of the proposed resolution, at which time any person interested may appear and be heard or may file written objections to the passage of the resolution. The governing body of the city shall cause notice of the time when said resolution will be considered by it for passage to be given by two (2) publications in some newspaper published in the city, the last of which shall be not less than two (2) weeks nor more than four (4) weeks prior to the day fixed for its consideration. Upon the passage of such resolution, a certified copy thereof shall be filed with the chief justice of the supreme court of the state and said chief justice shall, within ten (10) days

thereafter, fix a time for action upon said resolution and give notice 20 21 to the city and the parties in possession of said bridge, by registered 22 mail, specifying the time and place of hearing fixed by the said chief justice. When the time for hearing shall have arrived the chief 23 justice shall proceed and appoint three (3) competent and disin-24 terested appraisers, at least two (2) of whom must be residents of 25 26 the state, said appraisers to act as a commission of condemnation, 27 and shall enter an order requiring said commissioners to attend as 28 such commission of condemnation, at the county seat of the county 29 in which said city is located, within ten (10) days after their ap-30 pointment. Said commissioners of condemnation shall qualify by 31 filing with the clerk of the district court in and for the county in which they are to act, a written oath that they will to the best of 32 33 their ability, perform faithfully and impartially all the duties re-34 quired of them by this act. Said commission, when it meets to 35 organize pursuant to the order of the said chief justice or at any time 36 during the proceedings, which may be adjourned from time to time for any purpose, may fix the time for the appearance of any person 37 or persons that any party to the proceedings desires to have joined 38 39 in the proceedings and whom the commission deems necessary. The 40 time for appearance shall be sufficiently remote to serve notice upon such parties, but if the time for appearance occurs after the pro-41 ceedings are begun such proceedings may be reviewed by the com-42 mission to give all parties a full opportunity to be heard. Persons 43 not voluntarily appearing, but having any right, title or interest in 44 or to the property which is the subject of condemnation, or any part 45 thereof, who are to be made parties to the proceedings shall be served with notice thereof and of the time and place of meeting of 46 47 48 said commission in the manner and for the same length of time as 49 for the service of original notice, either by personal service or by 50 service by publication, the time so set, being the time at which the 51 parties so served are required to appear, and actual personal service 52 of the notice within or without the state shall supersede the necessity for publication. The commission of condemnation appointed hereunder shall have power to summon and swear witnesses, take 53 54 evidence, order the taking of depositions, require the production of 55 56 books and papers and may appoint a shorthand reporter. The com-57 mission of condemnation shall select some suitable person to act as 58 clerk and the records kept by such clerk shall constitute the official records of the commission. In the event of a vacancy on the commission of condemnation such vacancy shall be filled in the man-59 60 ner in which the original appointments were made and when neces-61 sary, by reason of such vacancy, the commission may review any evidence in its record. All acts, including final report shall be by a majority of such commission. Such commission of condemnation authorized hereby shall determine the value of such bridge, the 62 63 64 65 rights thereunder sought to be appropriated, and make its report in writing, presenting its findings, within one hundred twenty (120) days after its organization, and which report shall be filed with the clerk of the district court of the county in which such city is located. 66 67 68 69 Within ninety (90) days after the filing of the report by said commission if the said city elects to proceed further, the governing body 70 71 of the city shall introduce an ordinance providing for the submission

73 to the electors of the city the question whether such award shall 74 be confirmed and the property be taken and bonds of the kind or 75 kinds determined by the governing body of the city and stated upon 76 the ballot shall be issued in the amount of said award, such propo-77 sition to be submitted within ninety (90) days after said ordinance 78 becomes effective at a special election called for that purpose or at 79 any general or city election, and shall be carried if a majority of 80 the electors voting thereon shall vote in favor thereof. If such 81 proposition is carried, title to the property to be appropriated shall at once vest in said city, and the right to possession shall vest in 82 83 said city as soon as money in the amount of said award is on deposit 84 with the city treasurer and warrants for the disbursement thereof 85 are available and the interested parties have been notified to that 86 effect provided there exists no actual or legal obstacle to immediate 87 payment. In the event of an appeal, the sum representing the award 88 or awards involved in such appeal or appeals, shall not be paid but 89 shall be invested by the city treasurer in bonds of the United States 90 government or in securities designated by the owner of the property taken, at their own risk, and which shall be held in trust until the 91 final disposition of the appeal, the interest on such bonds to be in lieu of interest upon the award. The governing body of the city is authorized, without a further vote of the electors to issue additional 92 93 94 bonds in the amount necessary to pay interest on the award and all costs of the proceedings and any increased interest and costs upon 95 96 appeal. If the proposition so submitted at the election has been car-97 ried, any or all of the persons whose property or interest has been 98 99 taken may appeal from the finding of value and award within twenty 100 (20) days after the canvass of the election to the district court of the county in which such city is located, by the filing of a petition for appeal with the clerk of said court and by the filing of a bond with 101 102 103 said clerk to be approved by him, conditioned for the payment of all costs which may be incurred on any such appeal. The clerk of the 104 district court shall immediately docket said cause and the parties 105 106 shall proceed in all respects in the trial of said cause in the manner 107 as though said action had been originally instituted in said district court. The party appealing, shall, within such time as the district court shall order, file with the clerk of said court a complete trans-108 109 110 script of all of the proceedings had before the commission of condemnation and either party may use, in the trial of said cause, any portion or all of said transcript. The costs of the proceedings before 111 112 113 the commission of condemnation, including compensation or fees of 114 the commissioners shall be paid by the city. In the event of an appeal from the award on condemnation the costs shall be taxed and 115 116 paid as the court may order. The district court of the county in which the proceedings are had shall have jurisdiction upon appli-117 cation by the commissioners to fix the amount of their compensation. 118 119 Upon such appeal the court may increase or decrease the amount of 120 the award. No such appeal shall delay the passage of the title or 121 right of the city to possession of the property condemned. In the 122 event the amount of such award is increased upon appeal, the 123 amount of such increase shall be paid with interest thereon at the 124 rate of six per centum (6%) per annum from the date the city took possession of the property until paid. The governing body of the 125

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city is authorized without a further vote of the electors to issue such additional bonds as may be necessary to pay interest on the awards, costs on appeal, and any amount by which the award may be increased upon appeal.

SEC. 8. Preliminary expense—tax—bonds. Cities may levy a tax of not to exceed one mill on the dollar on the taxable valuation of such city, to be levied, collected and appropriated solely to finance preliminary work, including investigation, soundings, employment of engineers and architects, securing of estimates and any other useful work, or appropriate expense in connection with the proposed acquisition, or construction or purchase of any bridge or bridges and the preliminary financing thereof, and notwithstanding any limitation now or hereafter imposed by law upon the limit of indebtedness, except constitutional limitation, may anticipate such tax and issue bonds with interest coupons maturing in not less than five (5) years, and the provisions of chapter three hundred twenty (320) of the code, 1927, shall be operative as to such bonds and coupons, insofar as they may be applicable and except as set forth in this section. The amount of such bonds may be included as a part of the cost of the bridge and may be repaid out of the proceeds of any bonds issued for permanent financing.

1 SEC. 9. Power to issue bonds. To finance any of the purposes 2 or powers provided for in this act, the city council or governing 3 body of any such city shall in the first instance determine whether 4 any purchase, condemnation or construction authorized by this act shall be financed by bonds which are general obligations of the city and which may also be supported by a lien or mortgage on the bridge 5 itself or upon the tolls to be derived therefrom, or both, or by revenue bonds as provided for in this act and which are charges solely against the revenue to be derived from such bridge through the col-10 lection of tolls, or part one kind of bonds and part the other, but shall not have authority to purchase, condemn nor construct any bridge, nor to issue any bonds, except preliminary bonds specially authorized by this act, until first authorized by the majority vote 11 12 13 of the electors voting on such proposition, which proposition shall indicate the method of acquiring the bridge and the kind or kinds of bonds, at a special election called for that purpose or at any 14 general or city election. This grant of power to issue bonds is in addition to any other which may now have been or hereafter may be conferred upon such city, and shall be free from the restrictions 17 18 19 20 now imposed on cities upon the issuance of bonds and incurring of indebtedness, and subject only to the provisions of the constitution 21 of Iowa. At such election the proposition shall be separate as to 22 23 each bridge to be acquired or constructed and the amount of bonds 24 may be either a specific amount equal to the estimated total cost of every nature plus not to exceed twenty-five per cent (25%), or may 25 26 be general and authorize the issuance of bonds in such amount as may be found necessary from time to time to complete the acquisi-27 28 tion, construction and equipment of the bridge and all costs incident 29 thereto, or may be part one and part the other. For all purposes of financing, the total cost of any improvement authorized by this act 30 may include every item of expense in connection with the project,

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and among other items shall also include the cost of acquiring every interest of every nature and of every person in any existing bridge, the cost of constructing the superstructure, roadway and substructure of any bridge, the approaches, and avenues or rights of way of access thereto and necessary real estate in connection therewith, toll houses and equipment thereof and of the bridge, franchises, easements, rights or damages incident to or consequent upon the complete project, expenses preliminary to construction, including investigation and expenses incident thereto, and prior to and during construction the proper traffic estimates, interest upon bonds and all such other expenses as after the beginning of operation would be properly chargeable as cost of operation, maintenance and repairs.

SEC. 10. Revenue bonds. Cities, including cities under the commission plan are hereby authorized to provide funds for the purposes of this act by the issuance of revenue bonds of such cities, the principal and interest of which bonds shall be payable solely from the special funds herein provided for such payment and as to which, as shall be recited therein, the city shall incur no indebtedness of any kind or nature and to support which the city shall not pledge its credit nor its taxing power nor any part thereof. Such revenue bonds shall bear interest at not more than six per centum (6%) per annum, payable semi-annually, and shall mature in not more than twenty (20) years from their date or dates and may be made redeemable at the option of the city issuing the same at not more than the par value thereof plus a premium of five per centum (5%) under such terms and conditions as the governing body of the city may fix prior to the issuance of such bonds. The governing body of the city shall provide the form of such bonds, including coupons to be attached thereto to evidence interest payments, which bonds shall be signed by the mayor and countersigned and registered by the city treasurer, under the city's seal, and which coupons shall bear the facsimile signatures of said mayor and the city clerk, and shall fix the denomination or denominations of such bonds and the place or places of payment of principal and interest thereof, which may be at the office of the city treasurer and/or any bank or trust company in the state of Iowa, or in the city of New York, state of New York. The governing body of the city may provide for the registration of such bonds in the name of the owner as to the principal alone or as to both principal and interest. Such bonds may be sold in such manner as the governing body of the city may determine to be for the best interests of the city, taking into consideration the financial responsibility of the purchaser and the terms and conditions of the purchase and the availability of the proceeds of the bonds when required for the payment of the cost, such sale to be at not less than ninety-two cents (92c) on the dollar and accrued interest. The proceeds of such bonds shall be deposited in the first instance, with the city treasurer and thereafter with such depositories as the bridge commission shall direct and the governing body of the city shall approve, and shall be secured in such manner and to such extent as the governing body of the city and the bridge commission shall require, and shall be used solely for the payment of the cost of the bridge or bridges and costs incident thereto as provided for

in this act, and be drawn upon over the signatures of the chairman or vice chairman of the bridge commission and the secretary and 42 treasurer thereof, and under such further restrictions, if any, as the 43 governing body of the city may provide. If the face amount of such 44 45 bonds, less any discount on the sale thereof, shall exceed such cost, 46 the surplus shall be paid into the fund hereinafter provided for pay-47 ment of the principal and interest of such bonds. The governing body of the city shall have the right to purchase for investment of 48 other funds, and the bridge commission and the governing body of the city shall have the right to purchase for retirement and cancel-49 50 lation any of such bonds that may be outstanding at the market price, but at not exceeding one hundred and five and accrued interest nor exceeding the price, if any, at which the same shall in the same 51 52 53 year be redeemable, but all bonds redeemed or purchased out of funds provided by the sale of bridge bonds provided for in this act shall forthwith be cancelled and shall not again be issued. Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds the governing body of the 54 55 56 57 city may, under like restrictions, issue temporary bonds with or without coupons, exchangeable for definitive bonds upon the issu-58 59 ance of the latter. The governing body of the city may enter into an agreement with any competent trust company as trustee for the 60 61 holders of such bonds, setting forth the duties of the city and the bridge commission in respect to the construction, maintenance, 62 63 operation and insurance of any such bridge, the conservation and 64 application of all funds, the insurance of moneys on hand or on de-65 66 posit and the rights and remedies of said trustee and the holders of such bonds, and restricting the individual right of action of bond-67 68 holders as is customary in trust agreements respecting bonds of corporations. Said trust agreement may contain such provisions 69 for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the trustee 70 71 and the bondholders as may be reasonable and proper, and also a 72 provision for approval by the original bond purchasers of the ap-73 pointment of consulting engineers and of the security given by the 74 bridge contractors and by any bank or trust company in which the proceeds of bonds or bridge tolls or other monies of the bridge 75 76 commission shall be deposited, and may provide that no contract for 77 construction shall be made without the approval of the consulting engineers. No such bonds shall be issued unless and until the is-78 79 suance of same shall have been submitted by the governing body of the city to the electors thereof and authorized by the vote of the 80 81 majority voting on such proposition at a special election called for 82 that purpose or at any general or city election. At such election the 83 proposition shall be separate as to the bonds for each bridge to be acquired or constructed and the amount of bonds may be either a 84 specific amount equal to the estimated total cost of every nature 85 plus not to exceed twenty-five per cent, (25%), or may be general and authorize the issuance of bonds in such amount as may 86 87 be found necessary from time to time to complete the acquisition, 88 construction and equipment of the bridge and all costs incident 89 90 thereto, or may be part one and part the other. The bonds authorized by this section may, at the option of the governing body of the city, be supported by mortgage and deed of trust. 91

SEC. 11. Protection of bondholders. Neither the state of Iowa, nor any political subdivision thereof shall limit or restrict the rights and powers granted in this act to the detriment of owners of outstanding bonds authorized hereby, nor shall such state or political subdivision authorize the construction or itself construct any competing bridge within a distance of less than one mile on either side of any bridge acquired under this act unless and until all of such bonds, together with the interest thereon have been fully paid and cancelled, unless other adequate provision shall have been made for the protection and guaranty thereof.

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SEC. 12. Tolls. The rates of tolls to be charged for the use of any bridge acquired or constructed under the provisions of this act shall be fixed and adjusted as may be required by any law of the United States now in force or hereafter to be enacted, and shall be so fixed and adjusted as to provide a fund sufficient to pay the interest and principal of any bonds issued under this act, and to provide an additional fund to pay the cost of maintaining, repairing and operating such bridge, and may also provide a reserve fund reasonably sufficient to provide for the cost of the continued operation, supervision, maintenance and repair of said bridge or bridges for a period not to exceed twenty-five (25) years after the removal of toll charges. After the provisions of said funds have been completed, such bridge or bridges shall thereafter be maintained and operated free of toll unless or until the charging of reasonable tolls may be continued or resumed by the governing body of the city or its commission in order to finance reconstruction, extension, enlargement, replacement or renewal of that particular bridge or in aid of the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, extension, enlargement, replacement or renewal of any other bridge owned in whole or in part by said city. The owners of outstanding bonds issued to finance the bridge, or the authorized trustee therefor, shall have the right to compel the fixing of adequate tolls by application to any court of competent jurisdiction. In case the city is at the same time providing for the payment of more than one bridge through the collection of tolls, the tolls upon such bridges may be maintained and adjusted so that each bridge shall assist the financing of the other.

SEC. 13. Bridge commission. When it has been determined by the city council or the governing body of any such city, by resolution or ordinance in the exercise of its discretion, that in the exercise of the powers conferred by this act, it is expedient to create a bridge commission, the mayor of such city, with the approval of the governing body of the city, shall appoint four persons, who with the mayor, ex-officio, shall constitute a bridge commission which shall be a police body corporate and politic under the name of (insert name of city) bridge commission and shall have power to contract, to sue and be sued and to adopt a seal and alter same at pleasure, but shall not have power to pledge the credit or taxing power of the city. No officer or employee of said city, except the mayor thereof whether holding a paid or unpaid office shall be eligible to hold an appointment on said commission. Such appointees shall be originally appointed for terms of four (4) years. Upon the expiration of such terms, appointments shall be made in like manner for terms of four

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(4) years. Not more than two of such appointees shall be members of the same political party. Vacancies shall be filled for any unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment. Said commission shall elect a chairman and a vice chairman from its members and a secretary and treasurer who need not be a member of such commission. The members of the commission shall receive no compensation, and shall give such bond as may be required from time to time by the governing body of the city. The commission shall fix the compensation of the secretary and treasurer in its discretion. The commission shall have power to establish by-laws, rules and regulations for its own government and to make and enter into all contracts or agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and the execution of its powers under this act. The commission may employ engineering, architectural and construction experts and inspectors and attorneys, and such other employees as may be necessary in its opinion, and fix their compensation, all of whom shall do such work as the commission shall direct. All salaries and compensation shall be obligations against and be paid from funds provided under the authority of this act. The office, records, books and accounts of the bridge commission shall always be maintained in the city which the commission represents. Such commission may be charged by the governing body of the city with the construction of new bridges or the operation, maintenance, repair, renewal, reconstruction, replacement, extension or enlargement of existing bridges, or bridges hereafter constructed.

Additional powers of commission. The commission if and when created is hereby authorized to prepare the necessary and proper plans and specifications for the construction of such bridges as may be designated by the governing body of the city, to select the location for same, determine the size, type and method of construction thereof, to plan and fix their boundaries and approaches, to make the necessary estimates of the probable cost of construction and the acquisition of the land and rights for the sites of the abutments and the approaches and avenues or easements of access to the bridges in a manner hereinafter provided, to enter into the necessary contracts, to build and equip the entire bridges and the approaches and accesses or easements of access thereto, to build the super-structure and sub-structures and all parts thereof, to obtain and exercise such consent or authority as may be necessary from the government of the United States and the approval of the secretary of war and chief of engineers, and to cause a survey and map to be made of all lands, structures, rights of way, franchises, easements or other interests in lands, including lands under water and riparian rights owned by any person, corporation or municipality, the acquisition of which may be deemed necessary for the construction of such bridges and to cause such map and survey to be filed in its office. The members of the commission, or its agents and employees, may enter upon such lands and structures and upon lands under water notwithstanding any interests in such lands or structures, for the purpose of making such surveys and maps; provided, however, that the commission shall not proceed to exercise or carry out any authority or power herein given it to bind said commission beyond the extent to which

money has been provided under the authority of this act. No con-29 tract or agreement for the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, 30 repair, enlargement, extension, renewal, replacement or equipment 31 of such bridges exceeding in amount the sum of twenty-five hundred 32 dollars (\$2,500), shall be made without advertisement for bids, which 33 bids shall be opened publicly and an award made to the best bidder, 34 with power in the commission to reject any or all bids. The plans and specifications, the location, size, type and method of construction, the boundaries and approaches, and the estimates of cost of 35 36 construction and acquisition, hereinbefore provided for in this section, shall be first submitted to the governing body of the city and 37 38 39 receive its approval before final adoption by the commission, which shall have no power to proceed further unless and until such ap-40 41 proval has been had. No contract for acquisition, construction, or incidents thereto, and no liabilities in connection therewith, shall 42 43 be entered into or incurred unless and until bonds to finance the 44 project have been authorized by the electors of the city in the method 45 provided in this act. The commission shall operate, manage and 46 control the bridges under its charge in their entirety, fix the rate of 47 tolls, establish by-laws and rules and regulations for the use and operation of said bridges, provide for the lighting and policing 48 49 thereof, and select such employees as it deems necessary and fix their compensation, and if and when authorized by the governing 50 51 body of the city shall have power to renew, replace, reconstruct, 52 extend and enlarge bridges, but shall not have power to create liens 53 upon or to mortgage any property unless first authorized by the 54 governing body of the city.

1 SEC. 15. Record, reports, auditing, removal of members of commission, etc. The bridge commission shall keep an accurate record 3 of all its acts, the property entrusted to it, the cost of the bridge or 4 bridges and incidents thereto, the expenditures for maintaining, re-5 pairing and operating same and the daily tolls collected, which rec-6 ords shall be public records and property of the city. A semi-annual statement shall be published on each bond interest date in the official newspaper of the city. The governing body of the city shall 8 have power to examine the accounts at any time, to call for any 10 reports at any time in its discretion, and to require the commission 11 and its employees to appear before it to report or testify at any time. 12 The governing body of the city after reasonable notice and hearing 13 may at any time remove any member of the commission or discharge any employee for good cause shown, but not arbitrarily nor for po-14 litical reasons. The accounts and statements of the commission shall 15 16 be audited by or under the direction of the city auditor semi-annually 17 and finally upon the completion of the work of the commission and at such other times as may be directed by the governing body of the 18 city, the cost thereof to be charged against the funds provided for 19 in this act. The governing body of the city, and in the absence of 20 action by it, the bridge commission, shall have power to require 21 22 bonds of officers and employees, to require guarantees of deposited 23 moneys, and to insure the bridges and all property connected there-24 with against every manner of loss or injury. Funds under control of the commission may be invested in certificates of deposit in na-

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tional banks or in bonds or other evidences of indebtedness which are general obligations of the United States, state of Iowa, or other states, or the city or the cities co-operating as in this act provided, but only in such manner as to be immediately available or re-captured when needed for use for the purposes authorized in this act.

SEC. 16. Acquisition of property by purchase by commission. The commission is hereby authorized to purchase in the state of Iowa and in any adjoining state when authorized by such state, if such authority be necessary, or the government of the United States, solely from funds provided under the authority of this act, such lands, structures, rights of way, franchises, easements or other interests in lands, including lands under water and riparian rights of any person, railroad, or other or public or private corporation, necessary or convenient for the acquisition, construction, extension or enlargement of said bridges and approaches thereto upon such terms prices or consideration as may be considered by it to be reasonable, and can be agreed upon between it and the owner or owners, title thereto to be taken in the name of and to vest in the city.

SEC. 17. Condemnation of property by commission. Whenever it shall be necessary to condemn property in the state of Iowa for the purpose of constructing, extending or enlarging any portion of said bridges or the approaches thereto, or securing avenues of access or rights of way leading to said approaches, the commission may condemn any interests, franchises, easements, rights or privileges, land or improvements which may, in its opinion, be necessary for the purpose of constructing said bridges or the approaches thereto, or necessary for rights of way or avenues of access leading to said approaches. Condemnations shall be certified to the governing body of the city for its action, and the method thereof shall be the same as that provided by statute for the condemnation for similar or appropriate municipal purposes by cities. The commission is and shall be further empowered to exercise in any adjoining state such powers of eminent domain as may be conferred upon the commission by any act of the congress of the United States now in force or which may hereafter be enacted, or as may be authorized by the law of that state. No payments of award in any condemnation proceedings or for the cost of such proceedings or the expense thereof, shall be made except from funds provided under authority of this act. Title to property condemned shall be taken in the name of and vest in the city.

SEC. 18. Removal of obstructions. All individuals or corporations having buildings, structures, works, conduits, mains, sewers, wires, tracks, or other physical obstructions in, over, upon or adjacent to the public streets, lanes, alleys, highways or in, under, over or adjacent to the river over which the bridges are to be constructed, and which shall interfere with or impede the progress of said bridges and approaches when in progress of construction and establishment, shall upon reasonable notice from the commission temporarily so shift, adjust, accommodate or remove the same as fully to meet the exigencies occasioning such action. Upon completion of such construction, the actual cost thereof, if reasonable,

otherwise the reasonable cost thereof and other incidental damage, shall be promptly paid to such person by the commission. In case of disagreement as to reasonable cost, either party may appeal to the governing body of the city which after reasonable notice shall hear all parties and determine the proper amount and order same paid at once by the commission out of funds provided for in this act, persons aggrieved by such determination may appeal within twenty (20) days thereafter by filing a petition in the district court of Iowa in and for the county in which such city is located. Similar powers may be exercised in an adjoining state if and in the manner au-thorized by an act of congress or the law of that state.

SEC. 19. Damage to property. The governing body of the city shall have power to appraise damages to property by reason of the construction and operation of the complete bridge property and appurtenances and to pay same out of funds provided for in this act. Any person whose property is damaged may file claim with the governing body of the city, which after reasonable notice shall hear all interested parties, determine the amount of damage and order the same paid by the commission out of funds provided for in this act. Persons aggrieved by such determination may appeal within twenty (20) days thereafter by filing a petition in the district court of Iowa in and for the county in which such city is located. Similar powers may be exercised in an adjoining state if and in the manner authorized by an act of congress or the law of that state.

SEC. 20. Restoration of public ways and works. Any local public ways or public works, including those of quasi public utilities, damaged or destroyed by reason of the building of such bridges or approaches shall be restored or repaired by or at the expense of the commission and placed in their original condition as near as practicable, or at the option of the owners of such property, the same may be repaired or restored by the owner and the commission shall reimburse the owner for the reasonable cost thereof out of funds provided for in this act.

SEC. 21. Dissolution of commission. Any local bridge commission provided for in this act may be dissolved by the governing body of the city at any time after the acquisition, construction and equipment of the complete bridge or bridges within its care have been completed and all the costs thereof have been paid from the funds provided by the bond issues provided for in this act, and thereupon the governing body of the city shall assume the further duties in connection with such bridge, including the operation, maintenance and repair thereof, the administration of funds, the collection of tolls and all other necessary or proper acts, or at any time thereafter may create a new bridge commission to effect any of the purposes or objects authorized by this act.

SEC. 22. Joint bridge commission. In case the governing body of any city designated in this act, having been authorized by the electors as required by this act, shall at any stage of the proceedings determine to co-operate with any properly authorized political subdivision in this or an adjoining state in the joint acquisition and operation of a bridge or bridges, a joint commission shall be created.

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Such joint commission shall be created and the members selected by the action of each political unit co-operating, in the same manner provided for the creation of a local commission, by the law applicable to each political unit, and, upon which representation may be proportioned to the respective contribution of funds by the political units co-operating for the purposes of such acquisition, provided that the total membership shall not exceed ten (10). The commission shall select a chairman and vice-chairman to represent each political subdivision co-operating in the enterprise, and shall maintain a single office at the place selected by the commission, but for legal purposes shall be domiciled within the jurisdiction of each political unit co-operating, and shall have power to sue and be sued. This commission shall constitute a public body corporate and politic, shall select and adopt its own name, and shall be vested with such powers and subject to such conditions as may be conferred and imposed by the government of the United States and/or such powers and conditions in the state of Iowa, as are conferred and imposed in this act upon a local bridge commission, and such powers and subject to such conditions in an adjoining state as may be conferred and imposed by the laws of such state. The plans and specifications, the location, size, type and the method of construction, the boundaries and approaches, and the estimates of costs of construction, acquisition of property, and financing, shall be first submitted to the governing bodies of the political units co-operating and receive their approval by resolution before final adoption by the commission, which shall not enter into contracts and shall have no power to proceed further unless and until such approval has been had. If such joint commission is created after any work has been done, any funds provided or any liabilities incurred by the governing body of the city, or by a local commission, such joint commission shall take over, succeed to, assume and be liable therefor. The cities specified in this act are authorized and empowered to authorize or require said joint commission to conduct and to complete the sale of bonds provided for in this act at the same time and to the same purchaser, under the best conditions obtainable, together with the bonds of the political subdivision with which it is co-operating, so that the benefits of a joint offering and sale may be obtained. The funds derived from the sale of the bonds of all political subdivisions co-operating may be mingled and shall be administered and expended by the joint commission as one common fund. As near as may be, and subject to any rules and regulations which may be adopted by the commission for that purpose, the fund shall be deposited and maintained in equitable proportions within the territory of each political subdivision, and applied to the purchase or redemption of the separate bond issues in an equitable manner. All contracts, evidences of indebtedness and payment vouchers shall be signed by the treasurer and countersigned by each vice-chairman. Title to all real and personal property and to the completed bridge and all its appurtenances and incidents shall vest in the political subdivisions co-operating as tenants in common in the same proportions as the contributions made to the joint fund. In the event of the inability of the governing bodies of the political subdivisions co-operating or their joint

59 commission to agree, the specific controversy may be submitted to arbitration in such manner as may be agreed upon.

SEC. 23. Joint purchase. Any city specified in this act desiring to exercise the power as granted in section two (2) of this act to jointly purchase by bargain and sale any existing bridge, may do so either when the electors have authorized such joint purchase or have authorized an independent purchase of such bridge. The governing body of the city is authorized to enter into joint contract with the other political unit as to all the conditions of the purchase and the conditions of subsequent reconditioning, operation, toll charges authorized by this act, repair, maintenance, renewal, replacement, enlargement and extension of such bridge. Title to the bridge shall vest in the political units co-operating as tenants in common and operation shall be by the joint commission provided for in this act and subject to the conditions provided with reference to such commission.

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SEC. 24. Joint condemnation. Any city specified in this act may acquire an existing bridge by entering into joint condemnation proceedings with other political units as authorized in section two (2) of this act. Where the property to be condemned is situated within the jurisdiction of more than one political unit or partly in the state of Iowa and partly in an adjoining state, the political units co-operating shall first enter into contract electing in what jurisdiction and in which state a single joint proceeding to condemn the property as an entirety shall be instituted and the proceeding shall be conducted subject to the law of and in the manner provided for that jurisdiction, or such proceedings may be conducted subject to the law and in the manner provided by any act of congress governing the power of condemnation where the property to be acquired is situated in more than one state. For this purpose, cities in this state and specified in this act are authorized to become parties to a single proceeding in an adjoining state and to subject themselves to the laws of that state governing such proceedings. In the event of such joint proceedings in this state the method of proceedings provided in section seven (7) of this act shall govern but shall be modified to the extent of requiring the board of appraisers to be created by the designation of three (3) appraisers for each political unit co-operating and by releasing the restriction as to residents within the state. The contract heretofore in this section provided for shall be similar to the contract provided for in section twenty-three (23) and also fix the proportionate contribution to be made by each political unit co-operating, and shall also provide for the creation of a joint commission to take over the operation of the property if and in the event of its acquisition subject to the conditions provided in this act with reference to such joint commission. Title to the property condemned shall vest in the political units co-operating as tenants in common when, if and as the approval of the electors has been had as provided in section seven (7) of this act.

SEC. 25. Joint construction. Whenever the electors of any city specified in this act shall have authorized the construction of a bridge as provided in this act, the governing body of the city shall have

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power to construct such bridge independently or jointly with any state or political unit as authorized in section two (2) of this act. Such cities are authorized to enter into any contract which may be necessary to effectuate this purpose. The title to all property ac-7 8 quired shall vest in the political units co-operating as tenants in 9 common. The actual control of all construction and subsequent operation, including all property necessary to the completed bridge, 10 and of maintenance and repair thereof, and of funds and the collec-11 tion and custody of tolls shall vest in a joint bridge commission as provided in section twenty-two (22) of this act, which commission 12 13 and its control shall not be terminated until such tenancy in common 14 15 shall be terminated.

SEC. 26. Any city in an adjoining state which has been properly authorized by the law of that state, and/or the United States may exercise in the state of Iowa any and all the powers granted in this act to cities in Iowa, subject to the conditions and requirements of this act.

SEC. 27. Submission to the electors. Any proposition or propositions arising in connection with the exercise of any of the powers granted by this act, may be submitted by the governing body of the city to the electors thereof at any general or city election or at any special election called for that purpose, and any proposition shall be carried if the majority of the electors voting thereon vote in favor thereof. No bridge shall be finally or irrevocably acquired, whether by purchase or by condemnation or by construction, unless and until such action and the necessary financing shall have been approved by the majority of the electors voting on the proposition at a general or city election or at a special election called for that purpose. Two or more propositions or questions may be submitted at the same election and on the same ballot provided each is so presented that the electors may vote separately upon each proposition. A vote of the electors authorizing independent action shall by operation of law be held to also authorize joint action for the purpose so authorized, but a vote on a proposition of joint action shall not be held to authorize independent action. The governing body of the city is hereby authorized to determine what shall be included in the proposition to be stated in notices of election and upon the ballots in its full discretion except that any proposition must indicate whether the bridge shall be acquired by the purchase or by the condemnation of an existing bridge or by the construction of a new bridge and the kind of bonds to be issued to finance the same, and the amount of such bonds may be set forth in any manner authorized in this act.

SEC. 28. Powers granted are supplementary—savings clause. The powers hereby conferred are to be exercised without any restriction or limitation under the laws of the state except the provisions of the constitution of the state, and are supplementary and additional to powers which have been or may hereafter be conferred upon the city by law of the state. All powers granted to or provided to be conferred upon the bridge commission authorized by this act, are likewise granted to and conferred upon and may be exercised by the governing body of the city and the governing body of the city may

- delegate any or all of the powers conferred upon it by this act to 10
- such commissions. The sections and provisions, and parts thereof, 11
- 12 of this act are separable and are not matters of mutual essential in-
- ducement, and it is the intention to confer the whole or any part of 13
- the powers herein provided for, and if any of the sections or provi-14
- sions, or parts thereof, are for any reason illegal, it is the intention 15
- 16 that the remaining sections and provisions or parts thereof shall
- 17 remain in full force and effect.
- Additional power. The powers conferred by this bill
- 2 are in addition to the powers elsewhere granted by law or any other
- 3 bill in respect to interstate bridges.
- SEC. 30. Publication clause. This act being deemed of immediate importance shall take effect and be in full force from and after its
- publication in the Treynor Record, a newspaper published in Treynor, 3
- Iowa, and the Gazette Reporter, a newspaper published in Neola, 4
- Iowa.

House File No. 283. Approved April 16, A. D. 1929.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Treynor Record May 2, 1929, and the Neola Gazette Reporter May 2, 1929. ED. M. SMITH, Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 196

PAYMENT OF BONDS

AN ACT to amend section one thousand one hundred seventy-nine b-one (1179-b1), one thousand one hundred seventy-nine b-two (1179-b2) and one thousand one hundred seventy-nine b-four (1179-b4) of chapter sixty-three B-one (63-B1) of the code relating to the maturity and payment of bonds.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- SECTION 1. Section one thousand one hundred seventy nine b-one
- (1179-b1) of the code is amended by striking out the last sentence
- therein and substituting the following in lieu thereof; "Each issue
- of bonds shall be scheduled to mature serially in the same order as
- numbered." 5
- SEC. 2. Section one thousand one hundred seventy-nine b-two (1179-b2) of the code is amended by adding thereto the following:
- "Tax limitations in any law for the issuance of bonds shall be based 3
- on the latest equalized valuation then existing and shall only restrict
- the amount of bonds which may be issued."
- SEC. 3. Section one thousand one hundred seventy-nine b-four
- (1179-b4) of the code is amended by striking therefrom the period at
- the end of the section and adding thereto the following: "or out of
- special assessments against benefited property.
- SEC. 4. This act, being deemed of immediate importance, shall take
- effect and be in force from and after its publication in Rockford